

Bidirectional Hierarchical Anchoring of Motion Fields for Scalable Video Coding

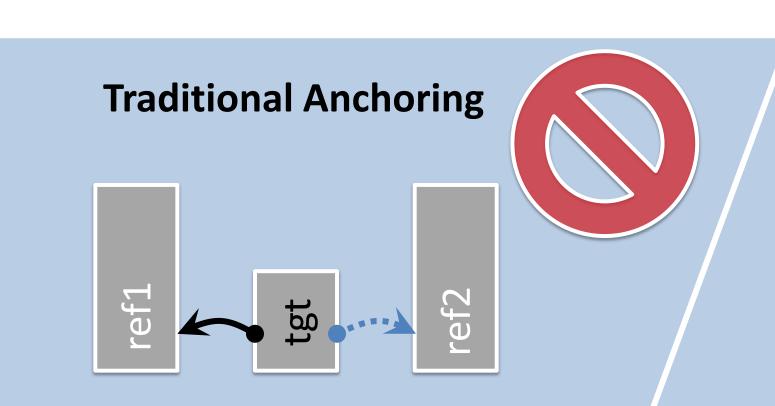
D. Rüfenacht, R. Mathew, and D. Taubman

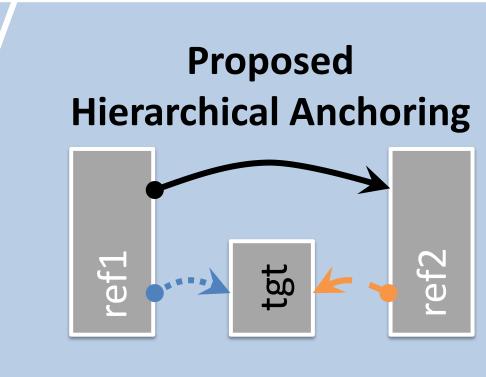


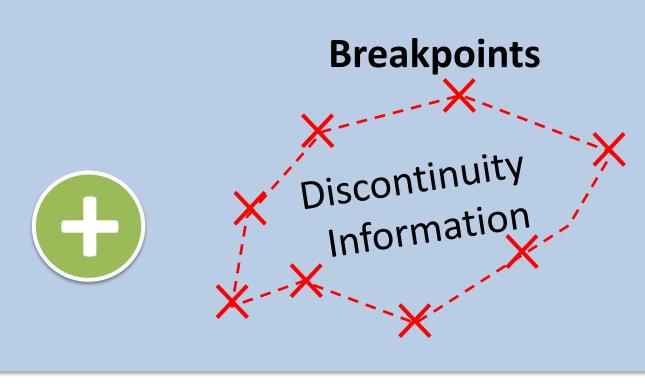
Never Stand Still

Faculty of Engineering

School of Electrical Engineering and Telecommunications





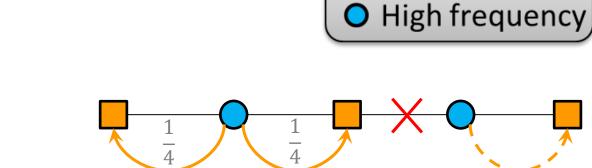


- **Consistent bidirectional prediction**
- Obtain disocclusion and folding map during the motion field warping process
- **High Scalability**

Breakpoint-Adaptive Wavelet Transform

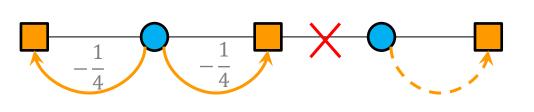
Lifting-based wavelet implementation allows incorporate discontinuities. We use breakpoints to signal discontinuities.

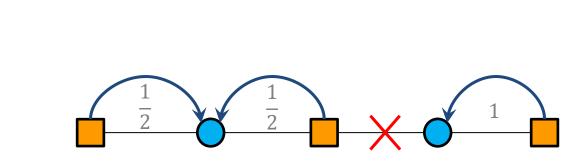




Low frequency



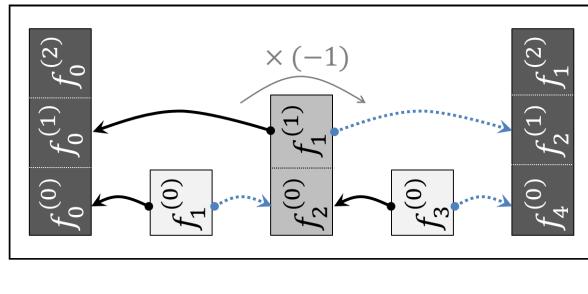




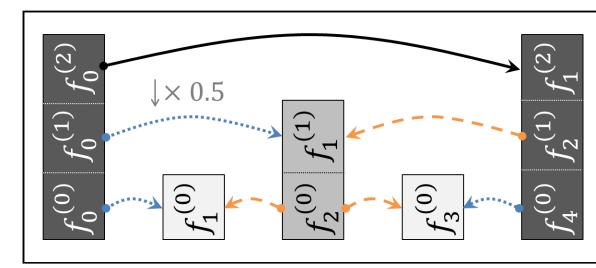
Novel Anchoring of Motion Fields

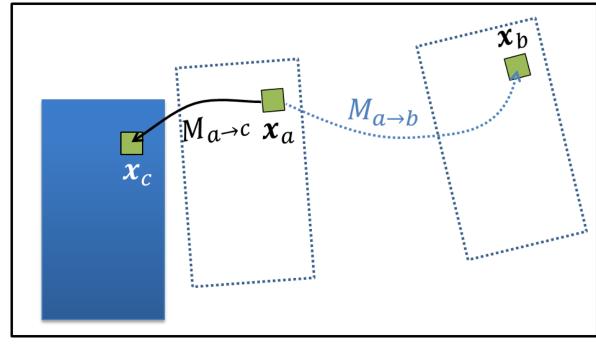
:: The proposed hierarchical anchoring of motion fields at reference frames allows to reuse them at finer temporal levels.

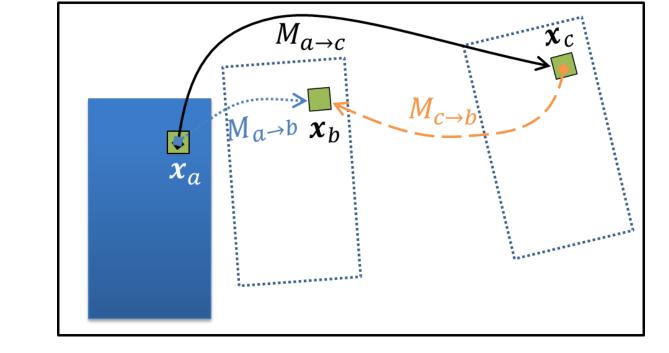
Traditional Anchoring











 2^{t} -1 Full Scaled **Inferred**

Full Scaled **Inferred**

Scaling of Motion fields

$$\hat{M}_{a \to b} = \alpha M_{a \to c}$$

Inferring of Motion fields

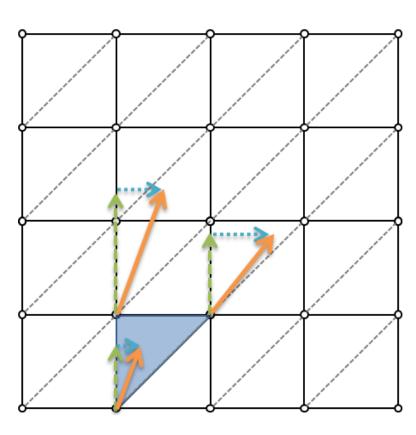
$$\hat{M}_{c\to b} = M_{a\to b} \circ (M_{a\to c})^{-1}$$

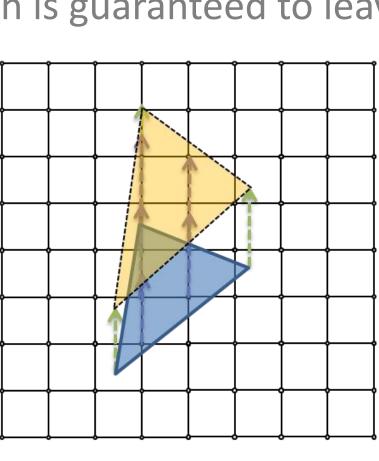


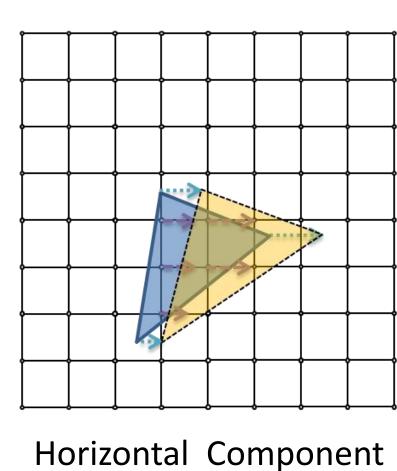
The warped motion fields are consistent. They can be used to reconstruct credible frames even if the used motion fields are highly quantized.

Motion Field Warping

:: Motion fields are warped from reference to target frames using a cellular affine warping process which is guaranteed to leave no holes.





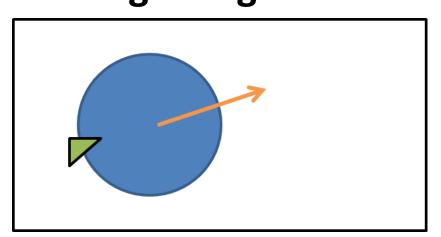


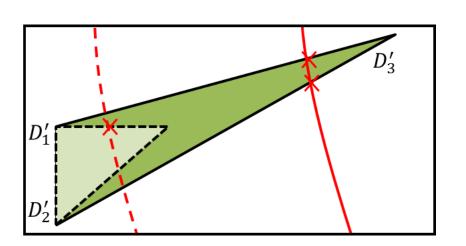
Handling Disoccluded Regions

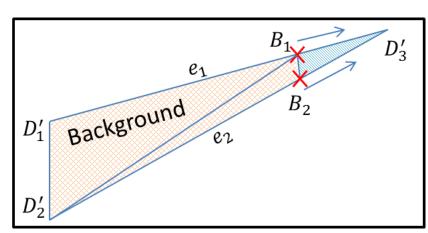
:: Breakpoints are used to identify fore-/background motion. The background motion is then extrapolated in the disoccluded region.

Vertical Component

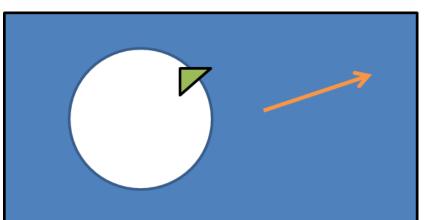
Moving Foreground

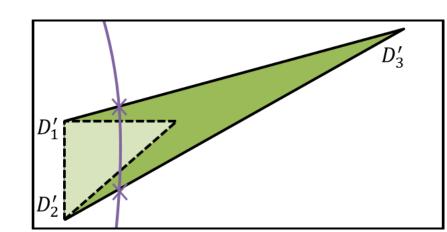


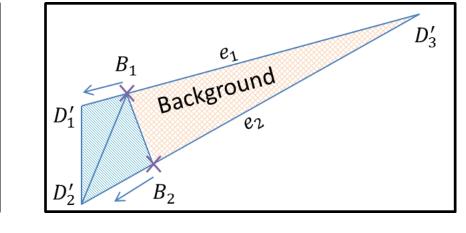






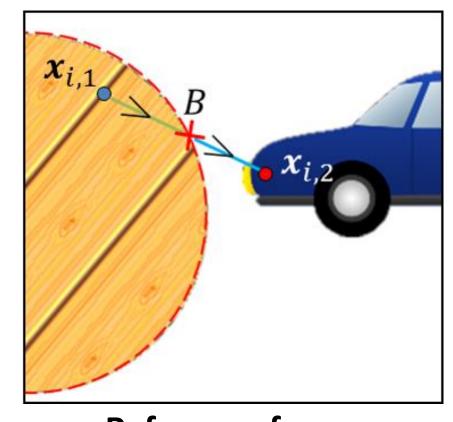


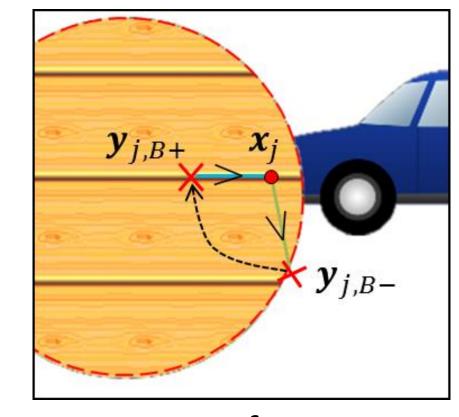




Resolving Double Mappings

:: The foreground motion is the one which maps the motion discontinuity B closer to a discontinuity in the target frame.





Reference frame

Target frame



We compute a disocclusion and folding map, which can be used to guide the bidirectional prediction and update.

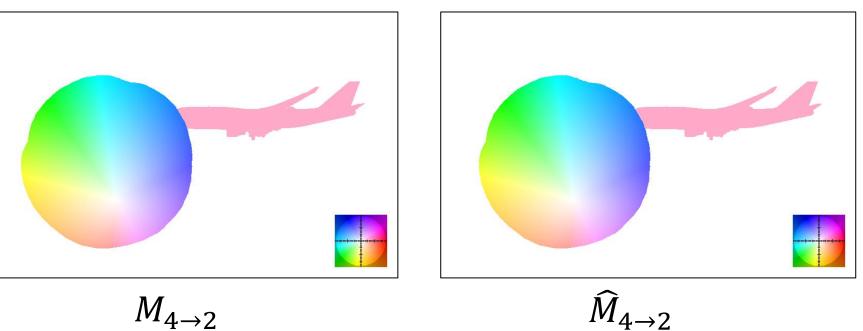
Experimental Results

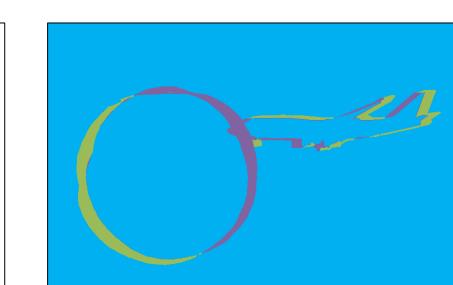
:: Experiments on synthetic data show how the proposed scheme is able to reliably infer motion fields, which leads to improved R-D performance.

Synthetic Test Sequence



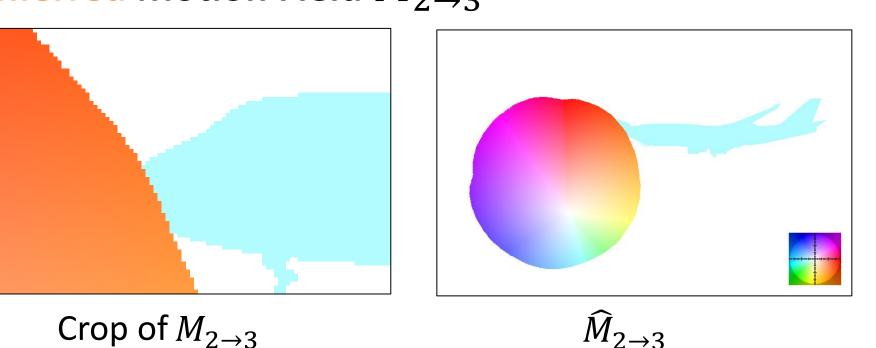
Inferred Motion Field $M_{4\rightarrow2}$

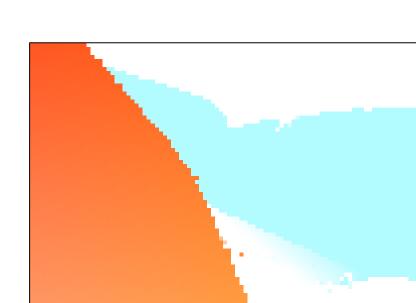




Disocclusion and **Folding**

Inferred Motion Field $M_{2\rightarrow 3}$





Crop of $\widehat{M}_{2\rightarrow 3}$

Rate-Distortion Curves for different MF Qualities 45 40 PSNR 35 → Proposed: Low 30 Proposed: Medium Proposed: High →-Traditional: Low 25 ─Traditional: Medium Traditional: High 20 200 100 500 600 kbits

 $\widehat{M}_{2\rightarrow 3}$

Conclusions and Future Work



- **Disocclusion and folding map** \rightarrow guide bidirectional prediction
- Robust method to resolve double mappings
- Extrapolate background motion in disoccluded regions



Credible reconstructed frames and better coding efficiency



Hierarchical breakpoint warping scheme will enable temporal oversampling